

Foundation Years - Communication and Interaction

	By 1 year old the child may need support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
Communication and interaction	smiling, looking and moving in response to your interaction			
	vocalising back when talked to, making own sounds, especially to a familiar adult and when a smiling face is used			
	listening to nursery rhymes with enjoyment			
	showing excitement at the sound of approaching voices, footsteps and other sounds.			
	By 2 years old the child may need support for some of the following:			
Understanding	understanding and following simple instructions in context, eg 'come for snack'			
Under	pointing to simple body parts when asked			
Speaking	spontaneously naming common objects which interest them, eg car, bird			
Spe	copying expressions they hear a lot, eg 'all gone!' 'oh dear!'			
Listening & attention	enjoying nursery rhymes and trying to join in with actions or sounds by copying			
tion	being aware of other people's feelings – for example to look concerned if hears crying or to look excited if hears a familiar voice			
Interaction	taking turns in a simple 'conversation'			
드	pointing to draw attention to things of interest.			
	By 3 years old the child may need support for some of the following:			
Understand ing	understanding simple instructions involving a choice of 2 people or objects, eg 'Give the car to James' 'Give the ball to Annie'			
Speaking	joining 2/3 words together with meaning, eg 'Daddy car' 'Mummy gone'			
Ş	being understood by familiar adults			
ing & ition	recognising and joining in with songs and actions, eg 'The wheels on the bus'			
Listening & attention	concentrating on an activity of their own choosing for a short period of time			



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ion	playing ball co-operatively with an adult (eg kick or roll back and forth)			
Interaction	starting interaction with and playing alongside other children			
Inte	expressing emotions and seeking a reaction, for example crying at a minor injury and asking for help or comfort.			
l	By 4 years old the child may need support for some of the following:			
Understa	understanding position words, 'in' 'on' 'under' eg 'put Dolly under the chair'			
u u	answering 'who' 'what' 'where' questions about a story			
<i>p</i> 0	talking about ownership, eg 'My teddy' 'Jack's car'			
Speaking	using simple pronouns correctly, eg 'I' 'me' 'you'			
Spe	being understood by unfamiliar adults			
	talking about what s/he has been doing			
istening & attention	stopping and listening to an adult who has called their name and then refocus on their original activity			
Listening & attention	attending to an adult's choice of activity for a short period of time			
ction	including another child in their play sequence and talking to them as they do so, eg give a child a cup to drink from			
Interaction	seeking out others to share experiences, eg by saying 'watch me'.			
	By 5years old the child may need support for some of the following:			
Unde	identifying an object from a description of its use, eg 'What do we use to cut things with?'			
Speaking	retelling a simple past event or familiar story in the correct order, eg Went down the slide and hurt finger			
Listen ing &	remaining focussed during a short story/singing session in a large group			
ion	expressing wishes and needs clearly and understanding when these are not immediately met			
Interaction	regularly using adults as sources of knowledge, comfort and shared activities			
_	enjoying and joining in with shared play.			

Foundation Years – Cognition and Learning

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	By 2 years old the child may need support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
Copying / Pretend	imitating some everyday routines eg using a mobile phone, washing the car			
Problem solving	Retrieving out of reach toys or other objects			
Memory	remembering where familiar things are kept and how to find them			
Concepts	building 3 blocks, scribbling on paper			
Social	bringing a book or toy to share with an adult			
Curiosity	filling and emptying containers.			
	By 3 years old the child may need support for some of the following:			
Copying / Pretend	developing simple sustained play with dolly/teddy eg eating, drinking, sleeping			
Problem solving	operating a mechanical toy, for example turning the knob on a wind up toy, pushing a button to open a flap			
Memory	spontaneously singing some of the words and actions of a familiar rhyme			
Concepts	matching pictures of familiar objects in play			
	painting or drawing horizontal lines and circles in imitation			
Social	watching others play and joining in briefly			
	following the daily routine			
Curiosity	participating in a range of creative activities eg exploring and experimenting with sensory materials, musical instruments, using paint etc			
	By 4 years old the child may need support for some of the following:			
Copying / pretend	joining in make-believe play with other children			
Problem solving	suggesting using sticky tape to mend a torn book, choosing an appropriate tool to dig in the sand			
Memory	recalling 2 or 3 pictures/objects hidden in a memory game			
Concepts	understanding size difference, eg selecting the bigger or smaller object or picture when asked, putting features on a drawn face			
Social	demonstrating concern towards others who are upset, for example offering a favourite toy, patting arm or back			

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Curiosity	showing a curiosity about how things work, how things feel, how things sound etc.		
	By 5 years old the child may need support for some of the following:		
Copying / pretend	imitating adult roles, eg dressing up for dramatic play		
Problem solving	choosing appropriate resources when making things		
Memory	retelling or demonstrating something that happened in a familiar story		
Concepts	sorting objects into categories eg all the animals, all the cars		
	drawing a simple human face (head and facial features)		
Social	taking turns with other children in a child initiated activity		
Curiosity	wanting to know how things work eg taking things apart, collecting things, asking questions.		

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Foundation Years - Social, Emotional and Mental Health

	By 2 years old the child may need support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
Making relationships	giving a positive response to a familiar adult, eg turning, looking and smiling when spoken to			
	engaging in social interaction, eg bringing toys to a familiar adult to show and share			
enc self nes	taking pleasure in exploring objects			
Self confidenc e and self awarenes	indicating his/her own needs, eg banging or bringing a drinks cup to an adult to indicate they would like a drink			
Managing feelings & responses	using their key person for 'emotional refuelling', eg happy to explore activities but looks for key person for reassurance.			
	By 3 years old the child may need support for some of the following:			
Making ationships	sharing/turn taking with an adult in a simple activity that they enjoy, eg rolling or kicking a ball back and forth			
Making relationships	giving a positive response to a familiar adult			
e and self	separating from main carer with support of their key person (alternatively may show no sense of care in separating from main carer)			
Self confidence and self awareness	showing interest in the play of other children alongside them whilst sustaining their own, eg watching with interest what other children are doing in the water play whilst continuing their own exploration			
reelings nses	cooperating with age appropriate familiar expectations in relation to the routines of the setting, eg sitting for snack			
Managing feelings & responses	sitting in a small group (3-4 children) with a familiar adult for more than 3 minutes doing an activity which interests and excites them, eg songs and rhymes.			
	By 4 years old the child may need support for some of the following:			
Making relationshi ps	engaging in positive interactions with other children in a structured situation, eg talking to other children whilst playing and joining in a group activity			
Self confide nce and	responding positively to a variety of adults, eg feeling confident to approach any adult in the setting for help			

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	spending time in groups with other children but engaged in own play, eg is able to complete their task, i.e. junk modelling whilst being alongside others		
nses	understanding that some things are theirs, some are shared and some belong to other people		
s & respo	making predictable responses in a range of situations, eg helping to put toys away and get ready for group time		
Managing feelings & responses	consistently responding positively to and coping with different events, social situations and changes of routines in the setting		
Mar	expressing their own feelings and doing so in an appropriate way.		
	By 5 years old the child may need support for some of the following:		
Making lationships	engaging in and sustaining positive interactions with other children		
Making relationships	initiating and sustaining conversations with adults and children		
Self confidence and self awareness	receiving praise and taking a pride in him/her self		
	staying on task to complete an age appropriate adult initiated activity		
responses	managing their emotions if their needs are not met quickly		
ıgs & resp	demonstrating concern towards other children, eg to comfort a child in distress		
Managing feelings &	understanding that his/her own actions affect others		
Mana _§	responding appropriately to simple instructions		
	understanding the needs of others and usually being able to share and take turns without adult intervention.		

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Foundation Years – Sensory and Physical needs - Hearing

	A child with a hearing loss may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
The child with a hearing need may:	find difficulty in expressing him/herself clearly			
	appear loud, raising his/her voice in conversation			
	experience difficulty when activities involve listening and following instructions eg appears to ignore, confuses the direction of sound, mishears			
with a h	often ask for clarification or repetition particularly in noisy environments or where the speaker cannot be seen			
he child w	be more physical and use less language than peers in play activities			
<u>+</u>	find it difficult to sustain concentration and become tired easily.			
	listening in a small group or the whole class			
wing	articulating words clearly			
he follo	making him/herself understood by an adult (this may lead to frustration or withdrawn behaviour)			
ome of t	aspects of learning and development related to language/verbal skills, eg to expand vocabulary			
for sc	developing age appropriate language structures			
oort f	to be confident in tackling new activities			
dns	initiating conversations with teachers or peers			
The child may need support for some of the following	following whole class introductions and discussions			
	sustaining concentration in a small group or the whole class			
	managing anxiety and/or frustration			
The c	establishing and maintaining appropriate peer relationships			
•	building self-esteem.			

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Foundation Years – Sensory and Physical needs - Hearing

	A child with a hearing loss may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
	find difficulty in expressing him/herself clearly			
The child with a hearing need may:	appear dreamy and distracted			
	appear loud, raising his/her voice in conversation			
	startle easily			
	use gesture more than his/her peers			
	not appear to understand common phrases and may have a limited vocabulary use			
chil	be more physical when expressing their needs and wants			
The	find it difficult to sustain concentration especially when there is background noise.			
	listening in a range of situations			
	following instructions; the child may be noticeably more able to do this in a quiet area			
ing	joining in activities in a small group			
e follow	following and responding in an age appropriate conversation, especially where visual clues are not available			
ne of th	making him/herself understood by others; his/her expressive language may be unclear			
support for some of the following	sustaining attention during whole group activities, e.g. listening to a story; the child may be noticeably more attentive and able to maintain concentration in a quiet area			
p	developing and using age appropriate language; the child may use gesture to compensate			
ау пе	accessing TV/DVD/music at normal sound levels			
m pli	enjoying songs and rhymes and join in by copying			
The child may nee	to start interaction with and play alongside other children of a similar age			
	sustaining age appropriate positive interactions with other children			
	developing pretend play activities			
ľ	managing anxiety and/or frustration.			

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Foundation Years – Sensory and Physical needs - Visual

	A child with a visual need may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
The child with a visual need may:	tilt his or her head and/or use his/her body in a different way to other children to maximise vision			
	bring eyes close to a toy, or a toy close to eyes			
	blink frequently			
	touch, rub or cover eyes			
	appear sensitive to light or glare			
	have eye pain, headache, dizziness or nausea, especially after periods of looking closely at something			
	move eyes towards the nose when looking at very near objects			
The child	find it difficult to track the movement of something across the field of vision, eg a ball rolling from left to right			
•	find scanning difficult, eg searching for a toy in a room			
	bump into things as they move around			
	not respond to a non-verbal gesture.			
	By 2 years the child may need support for at least one of the following:			
	to spoon food or pick up a cup			
Bu	playing with a ball			
llowi	pointing to pictures.			
of the following	By 3 years the child may need support for at least one of the following:			
	drawing features on a pre-drawn face			
or so	catching a ball with both hands			
ort fo	kicking a moving ball			
ddns	recognising detail in a picture.			
The child may need support for some	By 4 years the child may need support for at least one of the following:			
	for age appropriate activities that involve hand-eye co- ordination, eg placing small pegs in a board, threading beads			
	cutting with scissors			
	completing inset puzzles			
	copying simple shapes, eg a cross			
	finding small details in pictures, eg Where's Wally?			



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joining in with outdoor play and physical activities.		
By 5 years the child may need support for at least one of the following:		
for age appropriate activities that involve hand-eye co- ordination, eg threading a large needle		
copying a pattern, eg a sequence of bricks		
copying his/her own name		
recognising letters and numbers even when printed boldly		
drawing a recognisable human figure with details like hair/buttons		
using outdoor equipment, eg playing games with balls, hoops.		

Foundation Years – Multisensory needs

	A child with a deaf blindness/multi-sensory need may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
	make idiosyncratic responses to auditory and/or visual stimuli			
	avoid touch or make a startled response to touch (tactile defensiveness or reluctance)			
	have problems with eye contact and interaction			
	find it difficult to fix and track an object, eg a ball rolling across the floor			
тау:	be delayed in developing skills and in achieving developmental milestones, eg walking			
pa need	tilt his or her head and/or use his/her body in a different way to other children to maximise vision and hearing			
The child with a nulti-sensory need need may:	have difficulty in making sense of the world because of fragmentary information received through the senses			
ulti-sen	appear withdrawn or isolated, eg may spend and unusual amount of time asleep			
han	display unusually passive behaviour			
hild wit	display repetitive or challenging behaviour; this is likely to be a result of sensory overload			
The c	use smell, taste, movement and touch to gain information or to support mobility			
	be unable to find things or people when they have moved			
	have difficulty caused by changes in light levels, glare and reflection			
	have difficulty when attending unfamiliar places			
	appear clumsy – bumping into doorways, tripping over objects on the floor.			

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Foundation Years – Sensory and Physical needs - Physical

	By 2 years the child may need support for at least one of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
	walking holding an adult's hand			
	trying to feed him/herself with a spoon			
	holding a lidded beaker in 2 hands and drinking			
	holding a crayon and use different strokes to make a scribble			
	building a tower of 2 blocks			
	taking off easily removed clothes, eg socks			
	using a finger thumb pincer grasp, eg picking up a raisin.			
	By 3 years the child may need support for at least one of the following:			
	walking confidently, avoiding obstacles			
60	helping with dressing and hygiene routines			
Ň	walking up and downstairs, holding on, 2 feet to each step			
음	kicking a large ball			
of the f	using hands to screw and unscrew simple toys and lids, turn door knobs			
The child may need support for some of the following	holding a pencil between thumb and two fingers and make a circular scribble			
ort for	squatting steadily to rest or play with objects on the ground and rising to feet without using hands.			
ddns p	By 4 years the child may need support for at least one of the following:			
nee	building a tower of 6 – 9 blocks			
лау	climbing on nursery play equipment			
u B	walking downstairs, two feet to a step			
S	taking off an unzipped coat			
Ţ	undoing Velcro fasteners			
	trying to use scissors to make snips in paper			
	manipulating simple construction toys, eg Duplo.			
	By 5 years the child may need support for at least one of the following:			
	pedalling a trike			
	running confidently			
	washing and drying his/her hands			
	catching a large ball			
	jumping forward on two feet			
	communicating the need to use the toilet			
	holding a pencil between thumb and forefingers and drawing different shapes.			

Y1 - Communication and Interaction



	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
_	Listening and attention			
g and on	sustaining concentration in a small group or the whole class			
Listening and attention	listening to an instruction whilst carrying out a task			
List	focusing independently on an adult initiated task for 5 minutes or more.			
	recalling known words in conversation			
Speaking	making him/herself understood by an adult (this may lead to frustration or withdrawn behaviour)			
Spe	constructing sentences verbally			
	making needs and wants known appropriately.			
and	following 2 step instructions			
Understanding and processing	recalling information, eg remembering instructions, following the sequence of a story			
Unders	understanding abstract terms or concepts, eg time, space, quantities.			
r	interacting appropriately with others, understanding the accepted rules of social interaction			
_	joining in with group and whole class activities			
communication	taking turns in engaging in a 2 way conversation with a familiar adult or peer			
mmr	sharing resources, eg books, games, learning equipment			
	understanding that communication is a shared process			
l soci	interpreting non literal language			
n anc	establishing and maintain appropriate friendships			
actio	making a choice when given a limited range of options			
Interaction and social	to 'read' the physical clues of non-verbal language, eg facial expressions, gestures			
	knowing what to do at unstructured times of day			
	managing changes in routine.			
Other	Managing stresses and anxieties			
Q	managing sensory responses (these may be hypo or hyper).			

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Y1 – Cognition and Learning

	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
	carrying out a one-step instruction			
ning	retelling a simple story or rhyme in own words			
liste	listening and responding in a small group			
Speaking and listening	speaking freely in a one to one situation			
aking	naming everyday objects correctly			
Spe	asking questions to find out information and listening to the answers.			
	identifying a rhyming pair			
	identifying the initial sound of a word they hear			
ding	understanding the difference between letters and words.			
Reading	anticipating repeated phrases in rhymes and stories			
	recognising familiar words and signs.			
	Identifying syllables			
рı	ascribing meaning to the marks they make			
Writing and spelling	writing recognisable letters independently, other than those in own name.			
3	Generating syllables			
	counting objects to 10 using 1-1 correspondence			
(0	counting on up to ten from any number less than ten			
Mathematics	seeing without counting (subitising) dot patterns to six on a dice or domino			
Math	representing numbers to ten using structured apparatus			
_	sorting according to size (e.g. big, little)			
	sorting by shape.			
e	problem solving			
Cognitive skills	predicting			
Ö	recognising patterns and connections.			
or	completing inset puzzles and jigsaws with 6 pieces			
Visual/ Motor skills	drawing recognisable pictures			
Visual/ skills	identifying colours			
Vis	tracing simple shapes.			

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evidence of immature or inappropriate social interaction

poor school attendance record that may affect learning

self-help skills

difficulty in adapting to change

low level of resilience in challenging circumstances.

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Y1 - SpLD

	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
S	supplying a plausible rhyme in a simple rhyming book when read to, or hearing rhyming pairs			
Skill Skill	identifying the initial and sound in a word			
vel (Clapping the syllables of a word			
Word Level Skills	writing recognisable letters independently other than those in their name			
>	Copying his/her name from a model			
	Engage in the words in a book when being read to			
	Sequencing the alphabet			
kills	Articulating/pronouncing words			
cy s	Developing/acquiring new vocabulary			
Language and literacy skills	Learning nursery rhymes			
il br	Expressing him/herself			
e ar	Comprehension of oral and/or written language			
nag	Decoding Pink Book Band/One books			
ang	Remembering/following two-step instructions			
_	Recalling auditory information			
	Using a pencil comfortably and effectively			
Writing skills	Forming letters consistently and using the same case			
Writing skills	Leaving spaces between words			
	Tackling writing tasks confidently			
IIIs	seeing without counting (subitising) dot patterns to six on a dice or domino			
r sk	Counting on from a given number between one and 10			
Number skills	Copying single digit numbers correctly			
Nur	Seeing patterns and sequences			
	Explaining mathematical processes			
	Building a tower of bricks			
uo	Using scissors			
Co-ordination	Keeping track of his/her place when reading			
ordi	Undoing and doing up easily accessible fastenings			
8	Standing on one leg, hopping			
	Turning in a particular direction when requested			
	Building self-confidence			
ıtior	Sustaining concentration in a small group or the whole class			
Co- ordination	Joining in with group and whole class activities			
Co- ord	Interacting appropriately with others			

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Y1 – Social, Emotional and Mental Health

	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
	frequently display inappropriate behaviour as a coping strategy			
;;	display inappropriate behaviour that is a result of learning, communication and interaction or sensory needs			
ld mg	appear to significantly reject and/or be rejected by peers			
The child may:	have regression in his/her learning			
후	frequently display immature emotional responses			
	display behaviour that is dangerous or damaging to him/herself, to others and to property.			
	managing frequent inappropriate behaviours that occur in more than one setting			
	managing particular behaviours that occur in only one setting			
	managing frequent behaviours that impact on the learning of others			
ng	listening to and follow instructions			
llowi	settling and start a task			
ne fo	sustaining concentration			
for th	completing tasks successfully			
port	to 'join in' in a group			
dns p	controlling emotional and subsequent behavioural responses			
ld may need support for the following	building and sustaining positive relationships with peers and/or adults			
ld m	to have the emotional resilience to find solutions			
The chi	being able to recognise and understand his/her own feelings and behaviours			
	being able to verbalise the reasons for his/her own feelings and behaviours			
	managing unpredictable extremes of mood			
	managing incongruent or disproportionate responses			
	managing unpredictable responses to praise and/or criticism.			
S	school attendance record			
acto	whether there are other agencies involved with the family			
Other factors	whether there things happening out of school that may impact on the child's social, mental and emotional health, eg bereavement			



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Y1 – Sensory and Physical needs - Hearing

	A child with a hearing loss may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
; ,	find difficulty in expressing him/herself clearly			
d ma	appear loud, raising his/her voice in conversation			
The child with a hearing need may:	experience difficulty when activities involve listening and following instructions eg appears to ignore, confuses the direction of sound, mishears			
with a h	often ask for clarification or repetition particularly in noisy environments or where the speaker cannot be seen			
e child	be more physical and use less language than peers in play activities			
는	find it difficult to sustain concentration and become tired easily.			
	listening in a small group or the whole class			
wing	articulating words clearly			
he follo	making him/herself understood by an adult (this may lead to frustration or withdrawn behaviour)			
me of t	aspects of learning and development related to language/verbal skills, eg to expand vocabulary			
or so	developing age appropriate language structures			
oort f	to be confident in tackling new activities			
dns	initiating conversations with teachers or peers			
need	following whole class introductions and discussions			
The child may need support for some of the following	sustaining concentration in a small group or the whole class			
	managing anxiety and/or frustration			
The c	establishing and maintaining appropriate peer relationships			
	building self-esteem.			

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Y1 – Sensory and Physical needs - Visual

	A child with a visual need may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
	tilt his or her head and/or use his/her body in a different way to other children to maximise vision			
	bring eyes close to an object, e.g. a book, or the object close to eyes			
ау:	blink frequently			
ed m	touch, rub or cover eyes			
al ne	appear sensitive to light or glare			
The child with a visual need may:	have eye pain, headache, dizziness or nausea, especially after periods of looking closely at something			
hild wit	have an inward movement towards the nose when looking at very near objects			
The c	find it difficult to track the movement of something across the field of vision, eg a ball rolling from left to right			
	find scanning difficult, eg visually searching for a toy in a room			
	bump into things as they move around			
	find it difficult to find his/her friends in a busy environment.			
	moving safely around the school			
ing	following work on the Smart/white board			
Mollo	drawing with age appropriate accuracy			
of the fo	developing reading and writing skills, in particular reading and writing all of the letters in a word and words in a sentence			
ome	interpreting pictures, maps and diagrams			
for so	following whole class introductions and discussions			
port	to be confident in tackling new activities			
dns I	to join in physical playground activities			
The child may need support for some of the following	activities that require co-ordination and/or gross motor skills, eg catching a ball			
	sitting in a comfortable working position for different activities			
The ch	safely accessing activities that are potentially hazardous, eg design and technology			
	managing anxiety and/or frustration			
	establishing and maintaining appropriate friendships.			

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Y1 - Sensory and Physical needs - Physical

		A child with a physical need may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
The child with a physical need may:	move a	awkwardly or require aids to walk			
	try to a	avoid or have difficulty with some practical activities			
child al ne	becom	e tired easily			
The physic		medical diagnosis of a physical condition which may or may not gressive.			
		moving safely around the school			
		moving around on uneven ground			
		managing stairs			
	<u>></u>	accessing physical activities, eg using climbing frame, trike, equipment			
	Mobility	to develop a sense of danger			
	Ĭ	carrying out controlled movements, eg in PE			
8	4)	managing eating and drinking safely, eg to eat without choking			
ollowir	Independence	managing eating and drinking efficiently, eg to prevent spills when drinking, to open packages			
the f		dress, eg getting clothes the right way round			
e of		getting to and using the toilet			
eed support for some of the following		attending and listening in a small group or as part of the whole class			
oort f		following age appropriate instructions			
ddns pa		processing and recalling information, eg remembering instructions, the sequence of a story			
y ne		articulating clearly and in a timely way			
d ma		being organised, eg putting lunchbox away, getting a pencil			
The child may n	۵۵	activities involving fine motor skills, eg holding a pencil, using scissors			
_	earnin	activities that involve crossing the midline, eg passing an object from one side of the body to the other			
	Accessing learning	stabilising the body to participate in learning activities (eg sand tray, painting)			
	Acce	having confidence to join in with group and whole class activities			
	na na	managing anxiety and/or frustration			
	Social & emotiona	building self esteem			
	So en	establishing and maintaining appropriate friendships			

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Y2 - Communication and Interaction

	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
_	Listening and attention			
g and on	sustaining concentration in a small group or the whole class			
Listening and attention	listening to an instruction whilst carrying out a task			
List	focusing independently on an adult initiated task for 5 minutes or more.			
	recalling known words in conversation			
Speaking	making him/herself understood by an adult (this may lead to frustration or withdrawn behaviour)			
Spi	constructing sentences verbally			
	making needs and wants known appropriately.			
and	following 2 step instructions			
Understanding and processing	recalling information, eg remembering instructions, following the sequence of a story			
Unders	understanding abstract terms or concepts, eg time, space, quantities.			
	interacting appropriately with others, understanding the accepted rules of social interaction			
_	joining in with group and whole class activities			
communication	taking turns in engaging in a 2 way conversation with a familiar adult or peer			
mmr	sharing resources, eg books, games, learning equipment			
	understanding that communication is a shared process			
l soci	interpreting non literal language			
n anc	establishing and maintain appropriate friendships			
actio	making a choice when given a limited range of options			
Interaction and social	to 'read' the physical clues of non-verbal language, eg facial expressions, gestures			
	knowing what to do at unstructured times of day			
	managing changes in routine.			
Other	Managing stresses and anxieties			
ğ	managing sensory responses (these may be hypo or hyper).			

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Y2 – Cognition and Learning

	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
n Bu	carrying out two step instruction			
teni	making up own story and telling it			
d lis	reciting a simple rhyme			
g an	listening and responding appropriately in a small group			
king	speaking freely in a small group			
Speaking and listening	asking questions to find out information and listening to the answers.			
	continuing rhyming strings			
<u>ള</u>	identifying the initial and final sounds of a word they hear			
Reading	segmenting the sounds in simple words			
Re	blending phonemes to read CVC words			
	reading and understanding simple sentences.			
iti Ilid Ilid	writing first name independently			
Writin g and spellin	linking sounds to letters.			
	counting objects to 20 using one to one correspondence			
S	saying the number that is one more or less than any number to 20			
mati	counting backwards from twenty			
Mathematics	being able to represent a two digit number using apparatus			
Š	using language such as more or less to compare two numbers/sets of objects			
	sorting by more than one attribute (e.g. size and shape).			
	problem solving			
Cognitive skills	predicting			
Š "	recognising patterns and connections.			
<u>s</u>	completing inset puzzles and jigsaws with 8 pieces			
Visual/ Motor skills	drawing recognisable pictures			
Visual/ Motor	identifying colours			
Ξ̈́Σ	tracing simple shapes.			
	evidence of immature or inappropriate social interaction			
itors	poor school attendance record that may affect learning			
dica	self-help skills			
Other indicators	difficulty in adapting to change			
Oth	low level of resilience in challenging circumstances.			

— with —

Y2 - SpLD

	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
	continuing rhyming strings			
kills	identifying initial and final sounds in a word they hear			
vel S	segmenting the phonemes of a CVC word			
Word Level Skills	blending the phonemes of a CVC word			
Nor	writing 15 letters recognisably with correct formation			
	writing his/her first name independently.			
S	Sequencing the days of the week			
skill	Articulating/pronouncing words			
эсу	Developing/acquiring new vocabulary			
liter	Expressing him/herself			
and	Comprehension of oral and/or written language			
Language and literacy skills	Decoding Red Book Band Two books			
ngu	Remembering/following two-step instructions			
ت	Recalling auditory information			
ls	Using a pencil comfortably and effectively			
Writing skills	Forming letters consistently and using the same case			
iting	Leaving spaces between words			
≶	Tackling writing tasks confidently			
lls	seeing without counting (subitising) dot patterns to six on a dice or domino			
r ski	Counting on from a given number between one and 20			
Number skills	Copying single digit numbers correctly			
Nur	Seeing patterns and sequences			
	Explaining mathematical processes			
	Building a tower of bricks			
ion	Using scissors			
Co-ordination	Keeping track of his/her place when reading			
-ord	Dressing and undressing for PE			
S	Standing on one leg, hopping			
	Turning in a particular direction when requested			
L C	Building self-confidence			
natic	Sustaining concentration in a small group or the whole class			
Co- ordination	Joining in with group and whole class activities			
0 0	Interacting appropriately with others			

— with —

Y2 – Social, Emotional and Mental Health

	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
	frequently display inappropriate behaviour as a coping strategy			
: / t	display inappropriate behaviour that is a result of learning, communication and interaction or sensory needs			
The child may:	appear to significantly reject and/or be rejected by peers			
e chil	have regression in his/her learning			
Ę	frequently display immature emotional responses			
	display behaviour that is dangerous or damaging to him/herself, to others and to property.			
	managing frequent inappropriate behaviours that occur in more than one setting			
	managing particular behaviours that occur in only one setting			
	managing frequent behaviours that impact on the learning of others			
ing	listening to and follow instructions			
llow	settling and start a task			
ne fo	sustaining concentration			
for th	completing tasks successfully			
port	to 'join in' in a group			
ldns	controlling emotional and subsequent behavioural responses			
ld may need support for the following	building and sustaining positive relationships with peers and/or adults			
m pi	to have the emotional resilience to find solutions			
The chi	being able to recognise and understand his/her own feelings and behaviours			
	being able to verbalise the reasons for his/her own feelings and behaviours			
	managing unpredictable extremes of mood			
	managing incongruent or disproportionate responses			
	managing unpredictable responses to praise and/or criticism.			
Ş	school attendance record			
actor	whether there are other agencies involved with the family			
Other factors	whether there things happening out of school that may impact on the child's social, mental and emotional health, eg bereavement			

— with —

Y2 – Sensory and Physical needs - Hearing

	A child with a hearing loss may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
; ,	find difficulty in expressing him/herself clearly			
d ma	appear loud, raising his/her voice in conversation			
The child with a hearing need may:	experience difficulty when activities involve listening and following instructions eg appears to ignore, confuses the direction of sound, mishears			
with a h	often ask for clarification or repetition particularly in noisy environments or where the speaker cannot be seen			
e child	be more physical and use less language than peers in play activities			
는	find it difficult to sustain concentration and become tired easily.			
	listening in a small group or the whole class			
wing	articulating words clearly			
he follo	making him/herself understood by an adult (this may lead to frustration or withdrawn behaviour)			
me of t	aspects of learning and development related to language/verbal skills, eg to expand vocabulary			
or so	developing age appropriate language structures			
oort f	to be confident in tackling new activities			
dns	initiating conversations with teachers or peers			
need	following whole class introductions and discussions			
The child may need support for some of the following	sustaining concentration in a small group or the whole class			
	managing anxiety and/or frustration			
The c	establishing and maintaining appropriate peer relationships			
	building self-esteem.			

— with —

Y2 – Sensory and Physical needs - Visual

	A child with a visual need may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
	tilt his or her head and/or use his/her body in a different way to other children to maximise vision			
	bring eyes close to an object, e.g. a book, or the object close to eyes			
ау:	blink frequently			
ed m	touch, rub or cover eyes			
al ne	appear sensitive to light or glare			
The child with a visual need may:	have eye pain, headache, dizziness or nausea, especially after periods of looking closely at something			
hild wit	have an inward movement towards the nose when looking at very near objects			
The c	find it difficult to track the movement of something across the field of vision, eg a ball rolling from left to right			
	find scanning difficult, eg visually searching for a toy in a room			
	bump into things as they move around			
	find it difficult to find his/her friends in a busy environment.			
ı	moving safely around the school			
ing	following work on the Smart/white board			
Mollo	drawing with age appropriate accuracy			
of the fo	developing reading and writing skills, in particular reading and writing all of the letters in a word and words in a sentence			
ome	interpreting pictures, maps and diagrams			
for so	following whole class introductions and discussions			
port	to be confident in tackling new activities			
dns p	to join in physical playground activities			
The child may need support for some of the following	activities that require co-ordination and/or gross motor skills, eg catching a ball			
	sitting in a comfortable working position for different activities			
The ch	safely accessing activities that are potentially hazardous, eg design and technology			
	managing anxiety and/or frustration			
	establishing and maintaining appropriate friendships.			

— with —

Y2 - Sensory and Physical needs - Physical

		A child with a physical need may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
The child with a physical need may:	move a	awkwardly or require aids to walk			
	try to a	void or have difficulty with some practical activities			
hild	becom	e tired easily			
The c		medical diagnosis of a physical condition which may or may not gressive.			
		moving safely around the school			
		moving around on uneven ground			
		managing stairs			
	Σ	accessing physical activities, eg using climbing frame, trike, equipment			
	Mobility	to develop a sense of danger			
	Ĕ	carrying out controlled movements, eg in PE			
<u>ത</u>	a)	managing eating and drinking safely, eg to eat without choking			
ollowir	Independence	managing eating and drinking efficiently, eg to prevent spills when drinking, to open packages			
the f		dress, eg getting clothes the right way round			
e of 1		getting to and using the toilet			
need support for some of the following		attending and listening in a small group or as part of the whole class			
ort f		following age appropriate instructions			
ddns p		processing and recalling information, eg remembering instructions, the sequence of a story			
		articulating clearly and in a timely way			
may		being organised, eg putting lunchbox away, getting a pencil			
The child may	bo	activities involving fine motor skills, eg holding a pencil, using scissors			
Ţ	earnin	activities that involve crossing the midline, eg passing an object from one side of the body to the other			
	Accessing learning	stabilising the body to participate in learning activities (eg sand tray, painting)			
	Acce	having confidence to join in with group and whole class activities			
	na na	managing anxiety and/or frustration			
	Social & emotiona	building self esteem			
	Soci	establishing and maintaining appropriate friendships			

Y3 & 4 - Communication and Interaction

— with —



i,	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
	listening actively in a small group or the whole class			
g and on	sustaining concentration in a small group or the whole class			
Listening and attention	listening to an instruction whilst carrying out a task			
List	focusing independently on an adult initiated task for 10 minutes or more.			
	articulating words clearly			
Speaking	recalling known words in conversation			
Spea	constructing sentences verbally			
	making needs and wants known appropriately			
Б	following instructions			
Understanding and processing	recalling information, eg remembering instructions, following the sequence of a story			
nderstai	understanding abstract terms or concepts, eg time, space, quantities			
ā	comprehending tasks involving literacy skills			
	interacting appropriately with others, understanding the accepted rules of social interaction			
ation	joining in with group and whole class activities			
al communication	sharing resources, eg books, games, learning equipment			
mmc	understanding that communication is a shared process			
	interpreting non literal language			
d soc	establishing and maintain appropriate friendships			
ัก an	making a choice when given a limited range of options			
Interaction and soci	to 'read' the physical clues of non-verbal language, eg facial expressions, gestures			
<u>-</u>	knowing what to do at unstructured times of day			
	managing changes in routine.			
_	Managing stresses and anxieties			
Other	managing sensory responses (these may be hypo or hyper).			
	Being organised for learning			

- with -

Y3 & 4 – Cognition and Learning

	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the
	retelling a sequence of events in chronological order			time
σ	carrying out two or more step instructions			
Speaking and listening	adding detail to their own accounts and stories			
eaking aı listening	developing and explaining ideas			
pea list	entering into discussion appropriately in a small group			
S	articulating polysyllabic words clearly.			
	recognising initial consonant and short vowel sounds			
	using known grapheme-phoneme correspondences to blend			
b 0	sounds in unfamiliar words			
Reading	being able to check the text makes sense as they read it			
Зеа	being able to predict the end of a story			
	making inferences on the basis of what is said or done in a story.			
	Recognising consonant blends			
ס	verbalising the sentence they want to write			
g an ing	forming most upper and lower case letters correctly			
Writing and spelling	writing simple sentences using phonetically plausible words			
× ×	spacing letters and words correctly.			
	reading and writing numbers from 1-20 in numerals and words			
	counting forward to 100 in 1's			
	counting in multiples of 2, 5 and 10			
	adding and subtracting numbers to 20			
Mathematics	understanding addition and multiplication can be done in any order			
the	identifying the value of coins			
Ma	comparing two lengths, masses or capacities by direct comparison			
	carrying on a three element pattern			
	showing practical understanding of a half and a quarter			
	recognising and naming common 2-D and 3-D shapes.			
ls	problem solving			
skil	predicting			
Cognitive skills	recognising patterns and connections.			
gni	identifying colours			
ပိ	tracing simple shapes.			
SJ	evidence of immature or inappropriate social interaction			
cato	difficulty in adapting to change			
ndic	low level of resilience in challenging circumstances			
Other indicators	poor school attendance record that may affect learning			
Oth	self-help skills.			

— with —

Y3&4 - SpLD

	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
	Recognise rhymes and generating rhyming strings			
SIII.	Using phonic skills to decode new words			
S le	Forming letters and numerals correctly			
Word Level Skills	reading frequently encountered words quickly and accurately			
N N	segmenting the separate sounds in words			
	blending the separate sounds in words.			
S	Developing/acquiring new vocabulary			
/ skil	Expressing him/herself orally			
rac	Comprehension of oral and/or written language			
d lite	Articulating polysyllabic words			
Language and literacy skills	sequencing (days, months, alphabet, etc.) for age appropriate tasks			
ngu	carrying out 2 or more step instructions			
La	Recalling auditory information			
	Using a pencil comfortably and effectively			
<u>s</u>	Forming letters consistently and using the same case			
Writing skills	Leaving spaces between words			
itin	Writing all of the letters in a word			
≶	Writing for a sustained period			
	Tackling writing tasks confidently			
	Seeing numbers without counting (subitising)			
	Counting on from a given number between one and 100			
	Repeating back a short sequence of numbers			
IIIs	Counting backwards from 20 to 0			
Number skills	Writing the digits of a 2 digit number in the correct order			
mpe	Using simple mathematical symbols			
N	Seeing patterns and sequences			
	Explaining mathematical processes			
	Recording calculations accurately			
	Being confident at tackling number activities			
C	Throwing and catching a ball			
atio	Completing simple jigsaw puzzles			
rdin	Use a tripod grip to hold a pencil			
Co-ordination	Dressing and undressing for PE			
J	Understand concepts like "in" and "on"			

— with —

	Being confident to join in physical activities		
	Building self-confidence		
_	Staying on task, engaging in reading or writing activities		
itior	Managing anxiety and/or boredom		
dina	Withdrawn behaviour/clowning/fatigue (delete as appropriate)		
Co-ordination	To be organised for learning		
	Interacting appropriately with others		

Additional questions to consider

Does the child have a history of ear infections/glue ear/otitis media?

— with —

Y3 & 4 - Social, Emotional and Mental Health

	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
	frequently display inappropriate behaviour as a coping strategy			
:Хе	display inappropriate behaviour that is a result of learning, communication and interaction or sensory needs			
The child may:	appear to significantly reject and/or be rejected by peers			
e chil	have regression in his/her learning			
Ţ	frequently display immature emotional responses			
	display behaviour that is dangerous or damaging to him/herself, to others and to property.			
	managing frequent inappropriate behaviours that occur in more than one setting			
	managing particular behaviours that occur in only one setting			
	managing frequent behaviours that impact on the learning of others			
gui	listening to and follow instructions			
Moll	settling and start a task			
ne fo	sustaining concentration			
for tl	completing tasks successfully			
port	to 'join in' in a group			
dns	controlling emotional and subsequent behavioural responses			
ild may need support for the following	building and sustaining positive relationships with peers and/or adults			
<u>p</u>	to have the emotional resilience to find solutions			
The chi	being able to recognise and understand his/her own feelings and behaviours			
	being able to verbalise the reasons for his/her own feelings and behaviours			
	managing unpredictable extremes of mood			
	managing incongruent or disproportionate responses			
	managing unpredictable responses to praise and/or criticism.			
S	school attendance record			
actoı	whether there are other agencies involved with the family			
Other factors	whether there things happening out of school that may impact on the child's social, mental and emotional health, eg bereavement			

— with —

Y3 & 4 – Sensory and Physical needs - Hearing

	A child with a hearing loss may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
; ,	find difficulty in expressing him/herself clearly			
d ma	appear loud, raising his/her voice in conversation			
The child with a hearing need may:	experience difficulty when activities involve listening and following instructions eg appears to ignore, confuses the direction of sound, mishears			
with a h	often ask for clarification or repetition particularly in noisy environments or where the speaker cannot be seen			
e child	be more physical and use less language than peers in play activities			
는	find it difficult to sustain concentration and become tired easily.			
	listening in a small group or the whole class			
wing	articulating words clearly			
he follo	making him/herself understood by an adult (this may lead to frustration or withdrawn behaviour)			
me of t	aspects of learning and development related to language/verbal skills, eg to expand vocabulary			
or sc	developing age appropriate language structures			
oort f	to be confident in tackling new activities			
dns	initiating conversations with teachers or peers			
need	following whole class introductions and discussions			
The child may need support for some of the following	sustaining concentration in a small group or the whole class			
	managing anxiety and/or frustration			
The c	establishing and maintaining appropriate peer relationships			
	building self-esteem.			

— with —

Y3 & 4 - Sensory and Physical needs - Visual

ľ	A child with a visual need may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
	tilt his or her head and/or use his/her body in a different way to other children to maximise vision			
	bring eyes close to an object, e.g. a book, or the object close to eyes			
ay:	blink frequently			
ed m	touch, rub or cover eyes			
al ne	appear sensitive to light or glare			
The child with a visual need may:	have eye pain, headache, dizziness or nausea, especially after periods of looking closely at something			
thild wit	have an inward movement towards the nose when looking at very near objects			
The c	find it difficult to track the movement of something across the field of vision, eg a ball rolling from left to right			
	find scanning difficult, eg visually searching for a toy in a room			
	bump into things as they move around			
	find it difficult to find his/her friends in a busy environment.			
	moving safely around the school			
ρ0	following work on the Smart/white board			
owin	drawing with age appropriate accuracy			
e of the following	developing reading and writing skills, in particular reading and writing all of the letters in a word and words in a sentence			
	interpreting pictures, maps and diagrams			
r son	following whole class introductions and discussions			
rt fo	to be confident in tackling new activities			
oddn	to join in physical playground activities			
The child may need support for som	activities that require co-ordination and/or gross motor skills, eg catching a ball			
	sitting in a comfortable working position for different activities			
he child	safely accessing activities that are potentially hazardous, eg design and technology			
-	managing anxiety and/or frustration			
	establishing and maintaining appropriate friendships.			



— with —

Y3 & 4 – Sensory and Physical needs - Physical

		A child with a physical need may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
е П	move a	awkwardly or require aids to walk, or may use a wheelchair			
with	try to a	void or have difficulty with some practical activities			
The child with a physical need	becom	e tired easily			
The o		medical diagnosis of a physical condition which may or may not gressive.			
		moving safely around the school			
		moving around on uneven ground			
		managing stairs			
	<u>.</u>	accessing physical activities, eg using climbing frame, trike, equipment			
	Mobility	to develop a sense of danger			
	Š	carrying out controlled movements, eg in PE			
ρū	a	managing eating and drinking safely, eg to eat without choking			
llowing	Independence	managing eating and drinking efficiently, eg to prevent spills when drinking, to open packages			
he fo		dress, eg getting clothes the right way round, doing up buttons			
of tl		getting to and using the toilet			
ome		attending and listening in a small group or the whole class			
fors		being organised for learning, eg accessing books and equipment			
port		following age appropriate instructions			
need support for some of the following		recalling information, eg remembering instructions, a sequence of events			
		organising ideas and thoughts and express them coherently			
E D		articulating clearly and in a timely way			
The child may	۵۵	activities involving fine motor skills, eg handwriting, using scissors, using a keyboard, using a ruler			
	earnin	activities that involve crossing the midline, eg passing an object from one side of the body to the other			
	Accessing learning	stabilising the body to participate in learning activities, eg art, group activities at a table, cooking			
	Acce	having confidence to join in with group and whole class activities			
	So em	managing anxiety and/or frustration			
	Social & emotion	building self esteem			
	j 5 ₩	establishing and maintaining appropriate friendships			

— with —

Y5 & 6 - Communication and Interaction

	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
	Listening and attention			
Listening and attention	sustaining concentration in a small group or the whole class			
stening ar attention	listening to an instruction whilst carrying out a task			
List	focusing independently on an adult initiated task for 20 minutes or more.			
	articulating words clearly			
ing	recalling known words in a conversation			
Speaking	making needs and wants known appropriately			
S	retelling an event in sequence eg something that has happened at break or at home			
ding	following instructions and spoken information in the classroom			
Understanding and processing	understanding abstract terms or concepts, eg time, space, quantities			
Unc	understanding what they have read			
	interacting appropriately with others, understanding the accepted rules of social interaction			
_	joining in with group and whole class activities			
social communication	taking turns in engaging in a 2 way conversation with a familiar adult or peer			
mmr	sharing resources, eg books, games, learning equipment			
ial co	understanding that communication is a shared process			
	interpreting non literal language			
n anc	establishing and maintain appropriate friendships			
actio	making a choice when given a limited range of options			
Interaction and	to 'read' the physical clues of non-verbal language, eg facial expressions, gestures			
	knowing what to do at unstructured times of day			
	managing changes in routine.			
_	Managing stresses and anxieties			
Other	managing sensory responses (these may be hypo or hyper).			
	Being organised for learning			

— with —

Y5 & 6 – Cognition and Learning

	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
and	retelling a simple sequence of real or imaginary events in chronological order			
eaking aı listening	carrying out 2 or more step instructions			
Speaking and listening	developing and explaining ideas			
0,	entering into class discussion appropriately.			
B	using existing knowledge to decode and understand new words			
Reading	making inferences from the actions of characters within a story			
R R	being able to predict the end of a story.			
ing	forming letters correctly			
spell	composing sentences orally			
Writing and spelling	writing simple sentences using conjunctions			
ting	writing sentences using capital letters and full stops			
Wri	sequencing simple stories.			
	reciting numbers to 100			
	reading numbers to 100			
tics	reliably counting objects to 100			
Mathematics	recalling more than five addition and subtraction facts for each number to 20			
Σ	counting in 2s, 5s and 10s using money			
	estimating, measuring and comparing lengths, masses and capacities using standard units.			
, e	problem solving			
Cognitive skills	predicting			
3	recognising patterns and connections.			
	evidence of immature or inappropriate social interaction			
ors	poor school attendance record that may affect learning			
dicat	self-help skills			
Other indicators	difficulty in adapting to change			
Othe	low level of resilience in challenging circumstances.			

— with —

Y5&6 - SpLD

	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
	Recognising rhymes			
<u>s</u>	recognising single letters and common digraphs (sh, ch, etc)			
Word Level Skills	remembering letter shapes, numerals, etc for writing			
	recognising and remembering high frequency words at sight			
ord I	spelling common, irregular words in written work			
Š	segmenting and/or blending the separate sounds in words		ccasionally Sometimes	
	developing/acquiring new vocabulary.			
ls	expressing him/herself orally			
Langge and literacy skills	comprehension of oral and/or written language			
rac)	articulating/pronouncing words			
lite	reading continuous text			
anc	sequencing (days, months, etc) for age appropriate tasks			
ngge	following instructions			
La	retaining learned information.			
	using a pencil comfortably and effectively			
<u>s</u>	forming letters consistently and using the same case			
Writing skills	writing on lines with spaces between words			
iting	writing all of the words in a sentence			
Š	tackling writing tasks confidently			
	writing for a sustained period.			
	seeing numbers without counting (subitising)			
	counting on from a given 3 digit number			
	counting back from a given 2 digit number			
Number skills	using and distinguishing between mathematical symbols			
per s	writing the digits of a 2 digit number in the correct order			
Inm	seeing patterns and sequences			
_	explaining mathematical processes			
	recording calculations accurately			
	tackling number activities confidently			
	discriminating right and left			
ion	using scissors effectively			
Co-ordination	making the best use of space on a page			
-ord	dressing and undressing for PE			
S	running, jumping, throwing and catching efficiently			
	joining in physical activities confidently.			

— with —

building self confidence
staying on task, engaging in reading and writing activities
managing anxiety and/or frustration
withdrawn behaviour/clowning/ fatigue (delete as appropriate)
to be organised for learning
interacting appropriately with others

Additional questions to consider

Does the child have a history of ear infections/glue ear/otitis media?

— with —

Y5 & 6 - Social, Emotional and Mental Health

	The child needs support for some of the following:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
may:	frequently display inappropriate behaviour as a coping strategy			
	display inappropriate behaviour that is a result of learning, communication and interaction or sensory needs			
d m	appear to significantly reject and/or be rejected by peers			
e chil	have regression in his/her learning			
tors The child may need support for the following The child may:	frequently display immature emotional responses			
	display behaviour that is dangerous or damaging to him/herself, to others and to property.			
	managing frequent inappropriate behaviours that occur in more than one setting			
	managing particular behaviours that occur in only one setting			
	managing frequent behaviours that impact on the learning of others			
/ing	listening to and follow instructions			
wollo	settling and start a task			
he fo	sustaining concentration			
for t	completing tasks successfully			
port	to 'join in' in a group			
dns	controlling emotional and subsequent behavioural responses			
ay need	building and sustaining positive relationships with peers and/or adults			
d m	to have the emotional resilience to find solutions			
The chil	being able to recognise and understand his/her own feelings and behaviours			
·	being able to verbalise the reasons for his/her own feelings and behaviours			
	managing unpredictable extremes of mood			
	managing incongruent or disproportionate responses			
	managing unpredictable responses to praise and/or criticism.			
S	school attendance record			
actor	whether there are other agencies involved with the family			
Other factors	whether there things happening out of school that may impact on the child's social, mental and emotional health, eg bereavement			

— with —

Y5 & 6 – Sensory and Physical needs - Hearing

	A child with a hearing loss may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
∺	find difficulty in expressing him/herself clearly			
d ma	appear loud, raising his/her voice in conversation			
earing nee	experience difficulty when activities involve listening and following instructions eg appears to ignore, confuses the direction of sound, mishears			
The child with a hearing need may:	often ask for clarification or repetition particularly in noisy environments or where the speaker cannot be seen			
	be more physical and use less language than peers in play activities			
⊨	find it difficult to sustain concentration and become tired easily.			
	listening in a small group or the whole class			
wing	articulating words clearly			
ne follov	making him/herself understood by an adult (this may lead to frustration or withdrawn behaviour)			
ome of t	aspects of learning and development related to language/verbal skills, eg to expand vocabulary			
or so	developing age appropriate language structures			
oort f	to be confident in tackling new activities			
The child may need support for some of the following	initiating conversations with teachers or peers			
	following whole class introductions and discussions			
	sustaining concentration in a small group or the whole class			
	managing anxiety and/or frustration			
	establishing and maintaining appropriate peer relationships			
•	building self-esteem.			

— with —

Y5 & 6 – Sensory and Physical needs - Visual

P	A child with a visual need may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
The child with a visual need may:	tilt his or her head and/or use his/her body in a different way to other children to maximise vision			
	bring eyes close to an object, e.g. a book, or the object close to eyes			
	blink frequently			
	touch, rub or cover eyes			
	appear sensitive to light or glare			
	have eye pain, headache, dizziness or nausea, especially after periods of looking closely at something			
	have an inward movement towards the nose when looking at very near objects			
The c	find it difficult to track the movement of something across the field of vision, eg a ball rolling from left to right			
	find scanning difficult, eg visually searching for a toy in a room			
	bump into things as they move around			
	find it difficult to find his/her friends in a busy environment.			
	moving safely around the school			
ing	following work on the Smart/white board			
wollo	drawing with age appropriate accuracy			
ome of the following	developing reading and writing skills, in particular reading and writing all of the letters in a word and words in a sentence			
	interpreting pictures, maps and diagrams			
for s	following whole class introductions and discussions			
port	to be confident in tackling new activities			
The child may need support for s	to join in physical playground activities			
	activities that require co-ordination and/or gross motor skills, eg catching a ball			
	sitting in a comfortable working position for different activities			
	safely accessing activities that are potentially hazardous, eg design and technology			
	managing anxiety and/or frustration			
	establishing and maintaining appropriate friendships.			

Y5 & 6- Sensory and Physical needs - Physical

— with —



l		A child with a physical need may:	Occasionally	Sometimes	Most of the time
e c	move a	awkwardly or require aids to walk, or may use a wheelchair			
with	try to avoid or have difficulty with some practical activities				
The child with a physical need	become tired easily				
	have a medical diagnosis of a physical condition which may or may not be progressive.				
	ty	moving safely around the school			
		moving around on uneven ground			
		managing stairs			
		accessing physical activities, eg using climbing frame, trike, equipment			
	Mobility	to develop a sense of danger			
	Σ	carrying out controlled movements, eg in PE			
	()	managing eating and drinking safely, eg to eat without choking			
owing	Independenc	managing eating and drinking efficiently, eg to prevent spills when drinking, to open packages			
foll		dress, eg getting clothes the right way round, doing up buttons			
the		getting to and using the toilet			
e of	Accessing learning	attending and listening in a small group or the whole class			
som		being organised for learning, eg accessing books and equipment			
for		following age appropriate instructions			
The child may need support for some of the following		recalling information, eg remembering instructions, a sequence of events			
ed s		organising ideas and thoughts and express them coherently			
y ne		articulating clearly and in a timely way			
ild ma		activities involving fine motor skills, eg handwriting, using scissors, using a keyboard, using a ruler			
The ch		activities that involve crossing the midline, eg passing an object from one side of the body to the other			
		stabilising the body to participate in learning activities, eg art, group activities at a table, cooking			
		having confidence to join in with group and whole class activities			
		managing anxiety and/or frustration			
	Social & emotional	building self esteem			
	Soci	establishing and maintaining appropriate friendships			

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